

Preparation, Diagnosis and Evaluation of Cyclic-Tryptophan Derivatives as Anti Breast cancer Agents

Naghah Mahmood Aljamali^{1*} and Sabrean Farhan Jawad²

¹Department of Chemistry ,Synthetic Organic Chemistry ,Iraq.

²Department of Pharmacy, Al-Mustaqbal University College, Babylon, Iraq.

*Corresponding Author E-mail: dr.naghah_mj@yahoo.com

<https://dx.doi.org/10.13005/bpj/2296>

(Received: 26 September 2021; accepted: 20 November 2021)

The importance of research lies in the treatment of cancerous tumors due to the spread of cancerous tumors in recent decades, so researchers have to insist on finding alternative and more treatments safe from chemotherapy and radiation, which are derivatives of some amino acids, which we attended in our current research. Also, some research showed that taking tryptophan for 3 days before exercise can improve energy and efficiency during exercise, but other preliminary research shows that taking tryptophan during exercise does not improve endurance during cycling exercises. For a few days before exercise to notice any benefit. In this research, we prepared derivatives of cyclic tryptophan and studied their efficacy as anti-tumors, and they gave good results in reducing the size of cancerous tumors and reducing their spread in the body., then sympathy all synthesized new cyclic-tryptophan compounds by numerous techniques (FT.IR ,H.NMR)–spectrophotometric, other physical and chemical properties ,with studying for one of new prepared derivatives as anti breast cancer.

Keywords: Anti Breast; Anticancer; Heterocyclic; Tryptophan; Triazole.

In 1901, Frederick Hopkins was able to isolate tryptophan for the first time. Hopkins extracted tryptophan from hydrolyzed casein, successfully extracting (4-8 g) of tryptophan from (600 g) of crude casein^{1,2}. Tryptophan is a less common amino acid in proteins, but it plays an important structural or functional roles wherever it is found. For example, the residues tryptophan and tyrosine play special roles in ‘fixing’ membrane proteins within the cell membrane. In addition, the functions of tryptophan include being a vital precursor to compounds³⁻⁵, Tryptophan stimulates serotonin levels in the brain, which can treat depression and anxiety. Therefore, you can take tryptophan supplements to reduce these indications⁶⁻⁸. Tryptophan helps increase growth

hormones, so it is essential for the proper growth of children and infants. Tryptophan is used to treat insomnia, due to the presence of serotonin, which is useful for controlling sleep patterns⁹⁻¹¹. People who suffer from migraines are advised to take doses of tryptophan regularly, and to eat foods rich in tryptophan, which also helps prevent anxiety attacks, which improves a person’s reactions. It works to reduce appetite for food, because serotonin helps to make you feel satiated and reduce food intake. Thus, losing weight helps reduce diabetes and problems related to cardiovascular disease¹²⁻¹⁴. The body needs tryptophan to produce niacin, which helps generate good cholesterol and lower bad cholesterol. Foods rich in tryptophan also help convert carbohydrates into energy and

maintain a healthy digestive system, skin, hair and eyes¹⁵⁻¹⁷, After we absorb tryptophan from food, our bodies convert it into 5-hydroxytryptophan, an amino acid that works in the brain and central nervous system by increasing the production of the chemical serotonin, and after our bodies convert it to this amino acid¹⁸⁻²², it then turns into serotonin, melatonin²³⁻²⁷ and Vitamin B6 (nicotinamide).

Some studies claim that tryptophan supplements may be effective as a sleep treatment and antidepressant. These findings are associated with its role in the synthesis of serotonin and melatonin²⁸⁻³⁰. Excessive encouragement of

serotonin on postsynaptic (5-HT1A and 5-HT2A) receptors at the central and peripheral levels can have negative consequences for the organism^[31-34]. This is known as serotonin syndrome and can be fatal. Although this syndrome can be caused by taking medications (eg, Prozac) or using drugs (eg, LSD, MDMA, methylphenidate, bath salts...), it is not likely to be caused by the consumption of nutritional supplements³⁵⁻³⁹.

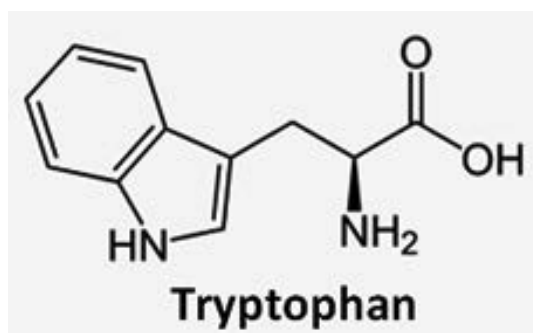
Experimental Part

Because of the importance of the prepared compounds in this research that they were studied as anti-cancer agents, we were keen to provide materials with high purity and from international companies with high technology in the production of chemicals. Also, the measurements were made on the following devices represented by ((FT-IR spectra (FT-IR 8300 Shimadzu) in the range (400-4000) cm^{-1} with KBr-discs., ¹H.NMR-Spectra with (DMSO)-solvent .,besides to anti breast cancer studies.

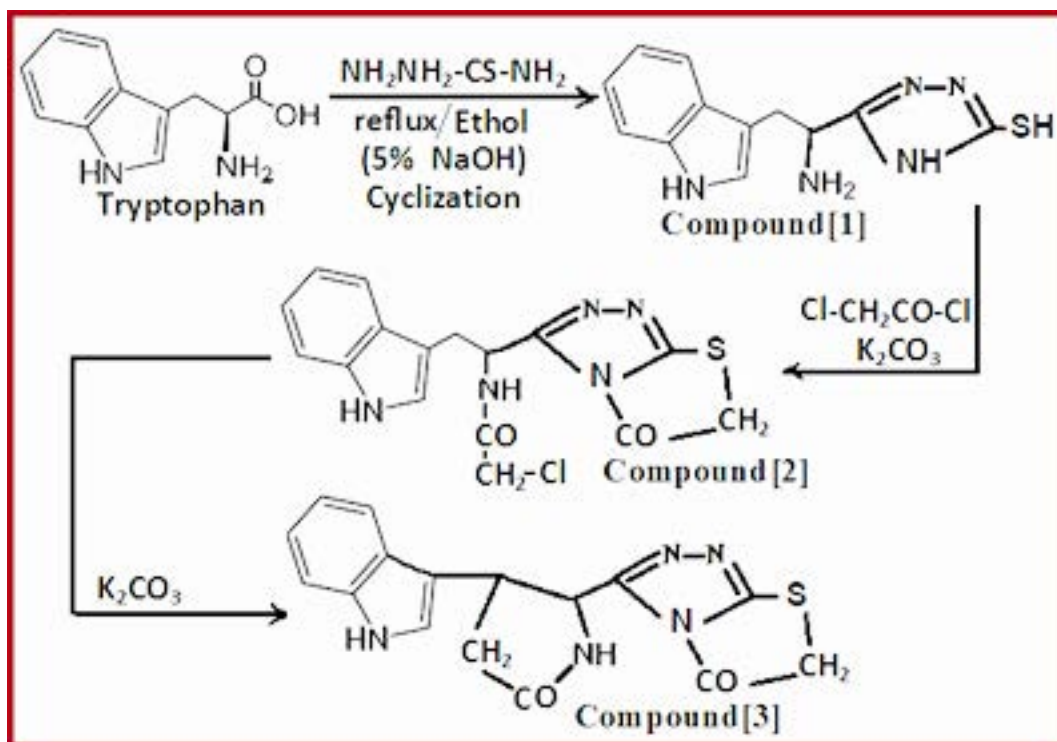
Synthesis Progressions⁽⁸⁻¹²⁾

Preparation Path of Compound{1}

Compound {1} formatted by reaction of tryptophan (0.01 mole) with thiosemicarbazide



Scheme 1. Tryptophan



Scheme 2. Synthesis of Compounds{1 ,2 ,3}

(0.01 mole) in presence of (5% of NaOH) with mechanical rotation for (16 hrs) in absolute ethanol permitting to mentioned methods⁽⁸⁻¹²⁾ to produce precipitation that acts compound{1}, the last step ,filtered ,dried ,then recrystallized to give pure compound.

Preparation Path of Compound{2}

Compound {2} formatted by reaction of compound{1} (0.01 mole) with chloroacetyl chloride (0.02 mole) in presence of (K_2CO_3) with mechanical rotation for (4 hrs) permitting to methods⁽⁸⁻¹²⁾ to yield precipitation that acts compound{2}, the last step ,filtered ,dried ,then recrystallized to give pure compound.

Preparation Path of Compound{3}

Compound {3} cyclized by cyclization reaction of compound{2} (0.01 mole) with in presence of (K_2CO_3) with mechanical rotation and reflux for (6 hrs) permitting to methods⁽⁸⁻¹²⁾ to

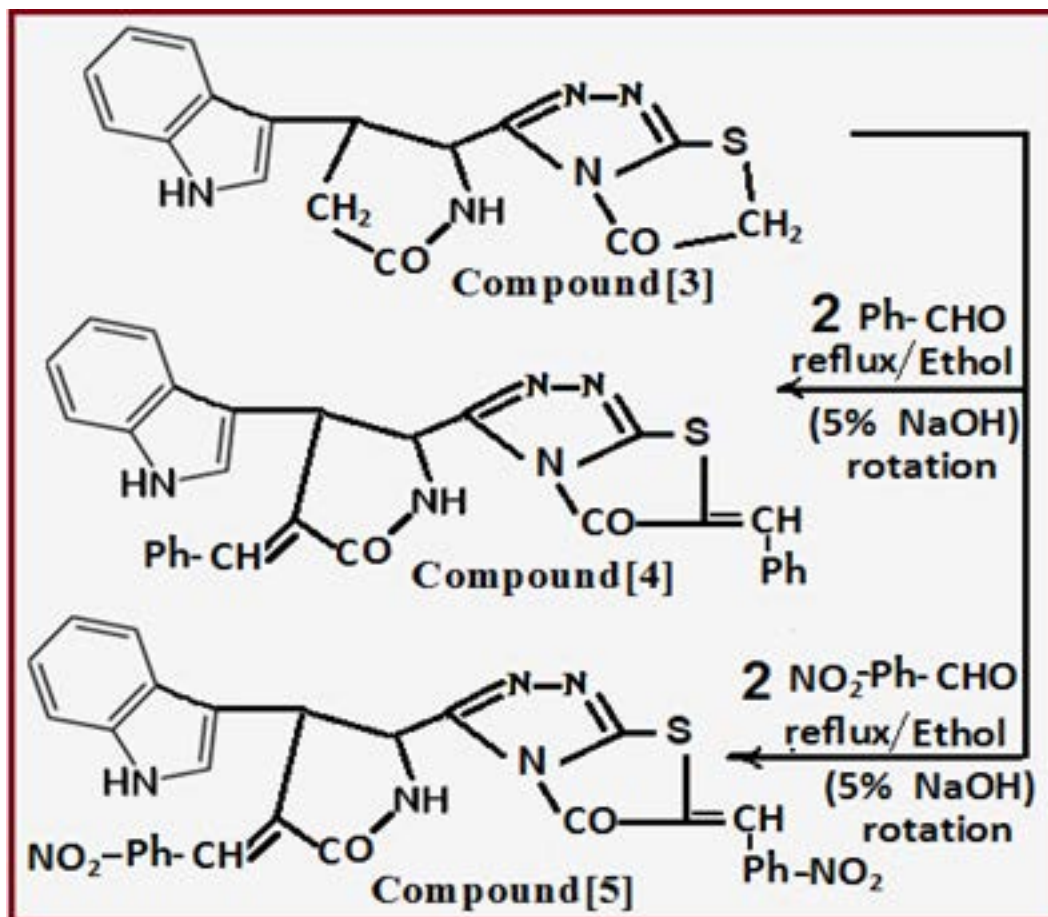
yield precipitation that acts compound{3}, the last step ,filtered ,dried ,then recrystallized to give pure compound.

Preparation Path of Compound{4}

Compound {4} formatted by reaction of compound {3} (0.01 mole) with benzaldehyde (0.01 mole) in presence of (5% of NaOH) with mechanical rotation for (12 hrs) in absolute ethanol permitting to mentioned methods⁽⁸⁻¹²⁾ to produce precipitation that acts compound{4}, the last step, filtered ,dried ,then recrystallized to give pure compound.

Preparation Path of Compound{5}

Compound {5} formatted by reaction of compound{3} (0.01 mole) with m-nitrobenzaldehyde (0.01 mole) in presence of (5% of NaOH) with mechanical rotation for (13 hrs) in absolute ethanol permitting to mentioned methods⁽⁸⁻¹²⁾ to produce precipitation that acts



Scheme 3. Synthesis of Compounds {4 , 5}

nitro group., Other frequencies appeared in some figures (1, 2).

¹H.NMR- Investigation of Manufactured Derivatives: The signals of important groups in spectra provided strong evidences for new synthesized compound via disappearance of peaks and appearance other new peaks that point to formation of the new derivatives that represented by : signals at (4.55 to 5.00) due to proton of amine group (NH), signals at (10. 12 to 10. 80) due to

proton of amide (-NH-CO), signals at (6. 60-7. 95) due to protons of phenyl ring in compounds {2, 3, 4, 5} respectively, signal at (3.05) due to proton of (CO-CH₂-S) in compounds {2, 3} respectively, signal at (4.45) due to proton of (CH=C) of alkene in compounds {4, 5} respectively permitting to literature ⁽¹⁶⁾., Some peaks in some figures (3, 4).

Some physical and Chemical characterization

All other physical and chemical analysis besides to some description in Table (1):

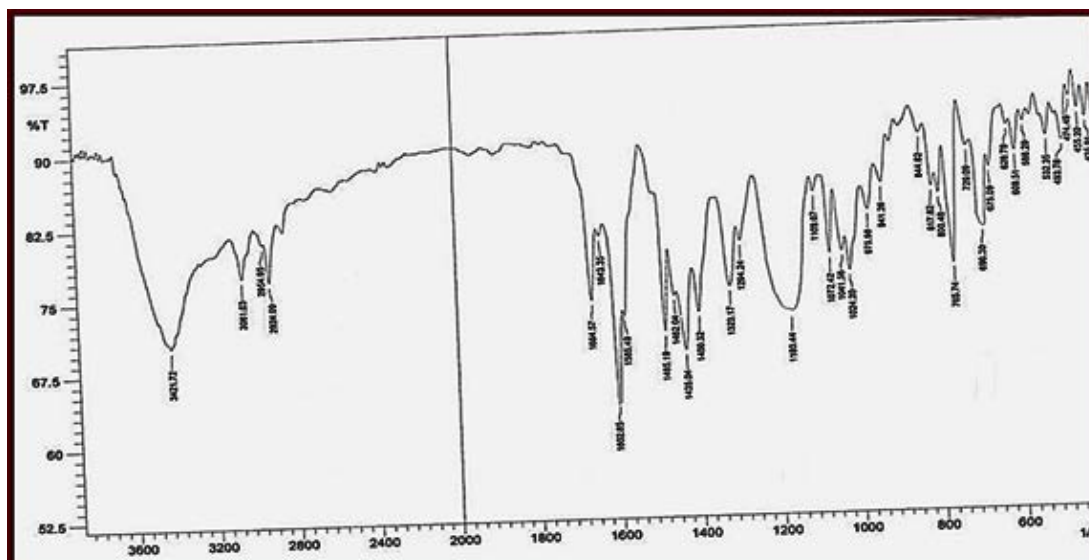


Fig. 2. I.R -Spectrum of The formatted Compound {3}

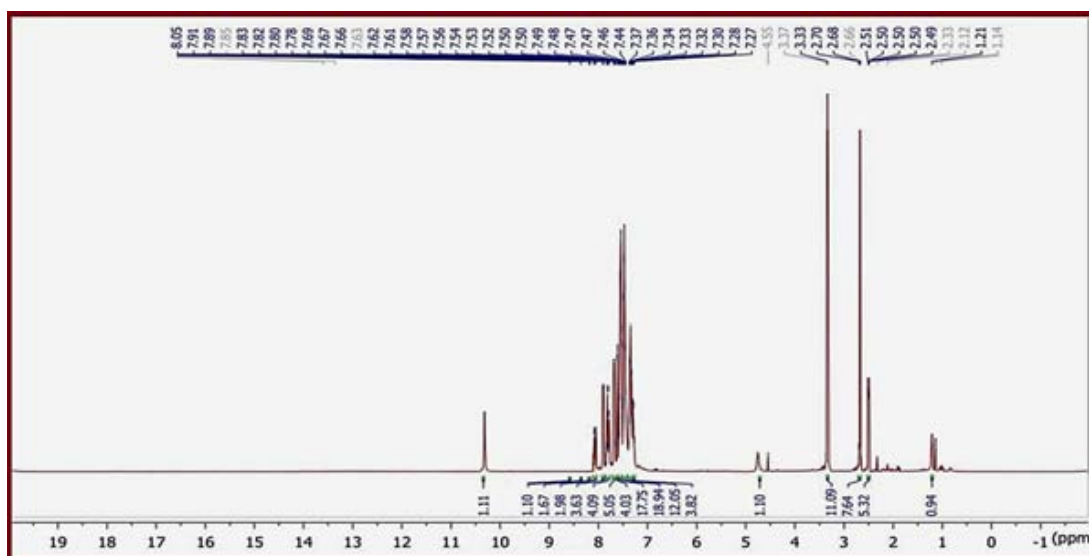


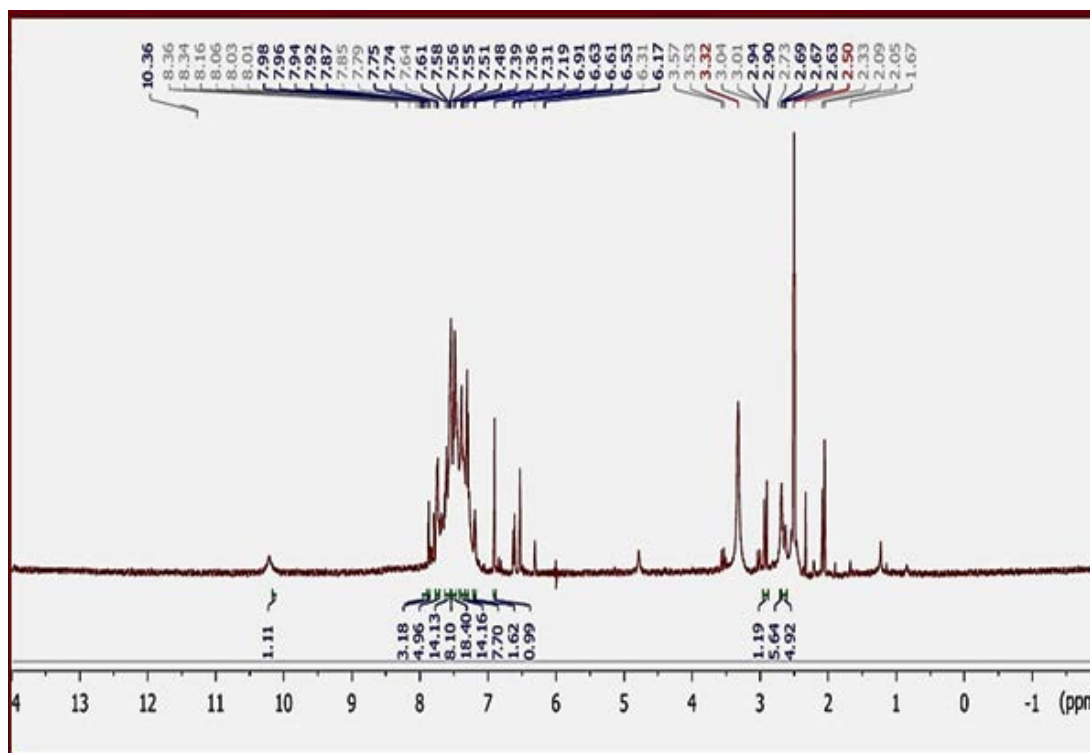
Fig. 3. H.NMR-Spectrum of Compound {2}

Table 1. Some Physical Properties of New Compounds

Comps	Product %	Color	M.P (C °)	Rf	Solvents (TLC)
{ 1 }	82	Orange	160	0.64	Ethanol : Hexane
{ 2 }	78	Yellowish orange	182	0.68	Ethanol : Hexane
{ 3 }	70	Deep Yellow	194	0.64	Ethanol : Hexane
{ 4 }	82	Yellowish Red	200	0.58	Ethanol : Hexane
{ 5 }	80	Bill Orange	216	0.60	Ethanol : Hexane

Table 2. Mean Percentage (%) for each cell line (Respond to Treatment) for Derivative{2}

Concentration of Tryptophan-Derivative [2] / (μ g/ Ml^{-1})	MCF-7		WRL	
	Mean	SD	Mean	SD
400	50.00	1.34	49.44	1.14
200	63.11	2.21	27.10	0.65
100	74.12	5.32	26.41	2.06
50	80.13	4.12	19.03	0.92
25	89.91	0.87	10.08	1.58
12.5	90.80	0.88	9.34	2.44
6.25	91.24	0.22	9.04	1.16

**Fig. 4.** H.NMR-Spectrum of Compound {4}

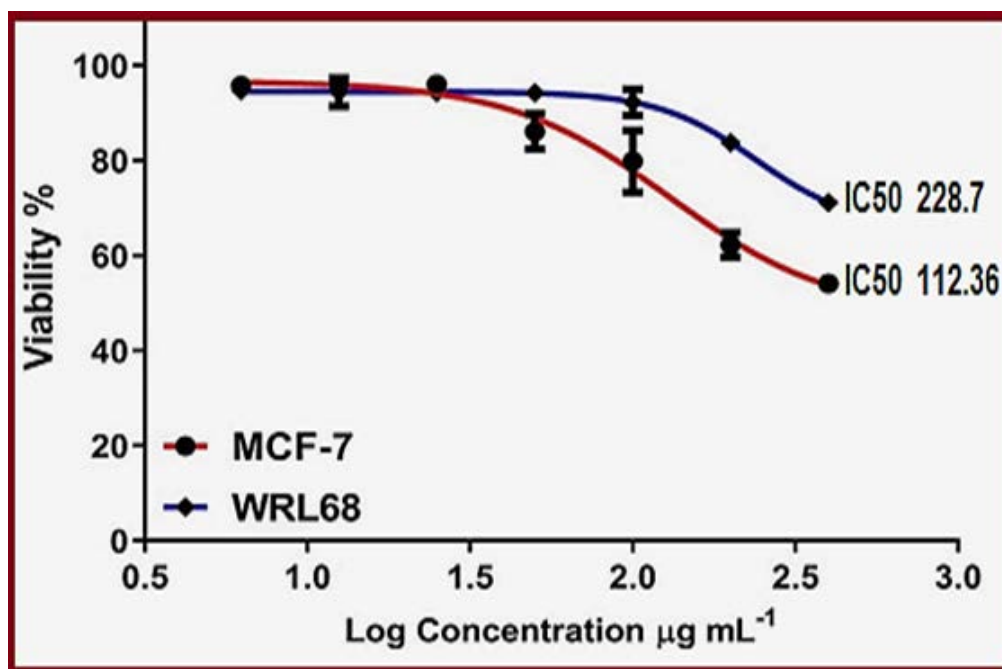


Fig. 5. Effect of Tryptophan-Derivative [2] on Breast Cancer Cells

Analysis of derivatives with Breast Cancer

The study was conducted to test the effectiveness of medicinal derivatives through the methods listed in the references^(17,18).

CONCLUSION

The manufactured of Tryptophan-Derivative² gave multiple strong evidences about structures of compounds were stable, and all Tryptophan-Derivatives have high solubility in ethanol, DMSO, Methanol and other solvents. And have good activity against breast cancer cells.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

we would like to express our heartfelt thanks to health-Lab for providing assistance samples of breast cancer for studying

Ethical clearance

Ethics committee refer that there is no plagiarism and there is no mistakes or wrong results in this work.

Conflict of interest

The authors declare that there is no conflict of interest.

Funding source

None.

REFERENCES

1. Nagham Mahmood Aljamali., 2015. Synthesis and Chemical Identification of Macro Compounds of (Thiazol and Imidazol)". *Research J. Pharm. and Tech*, **8**(1): 78-84., DOI: 10.5958/0974-360X.2015.00016.5.
2. Miaid Mohmed, Nagham Mahmood Aljamali, Sabreen Ali Abdalrahman., Wassan Ala Shubber., "Formation of Oxadiazole Derivatives Ligands from Condensation and Imination Reaction with References To Spectral Investigation, Thermal and Microbial Assay". *Biochem. Cell. Arch.*, **18**(1): 847-853 (2018).
3. S. Pradhan, L.-P. Xu, S. Chen. Janus nanoparticles by interfacial engineering. *Adv. Funct. Mater.*, **17**(14): 2385-2392 (2007).
4. Nagham Mahmood Aljamali. "Synthesis and Biological Study of Hetero (Atoms and Cycles)

- Compounds”, *Der Pharma Chemica*, **8**(6): 40-48 (2016).
5. Thomas L. Gilchrist “Heterocyclic Chemistry” 3rd ed. Addison Wesley: Essex, England, 414: ISBN 0-582-27843-0 (1997).
 6. Edon Vitaku, David T. Smith, Jon T. Njardarson. “Analysis of the Structural Diversity, Substitution Patterns, and Frequency of Nitrogen Heterocycles among U.S. FDA Approved Pharmaceuticals”. *J. Med. Chem.* **57**: 10257-10274 (2014). doi:10.1021/jm501100b
 7. Wang, Cuiling; Yan, Jiaxu; Du, Mo; Burlison, Joseph A.; Li, Chi; Sun, Yanni; Zhao, Danqing; Liu, Jianli. “One step synthesis of indirubins by reductive coupling of isatins with KBH₄”. *Tetrahedron.* **73**(19): 2780–2785 (2017). doi:10.1016/j.tet.2017.03.077.
 8. Nagham Mahmood Aljamali., “The Various Preparation Methods in Synthetic Chemistry”., 1 Edt., Evincepublishing house, 2019., ISBN :978-93-88277-82-2.
 9. Nagham Mahmood Aljamali, “Effect of Conditions and Catalysis on Products” ., 1th –Edition, 2021 , Eliva Press SRL., ISBN: 9781636482286
 10. Nagham Mahmood Aljamali. “Reactions and Mechanisms”., 1 Edt., IJMRA Publication ,2018 ., ISBN : 978- 93-87176-25-6 .
 11. Nagham Mahmood Aljamali. “Experimental Methods for Preparation of Mannich Bases, Formazan, Normal and Cyclic Sulfur Compounds”, 1st edition Evincepublishing house;2018, ISBN: 978-93-87905-19-1.
 12. Nagham Mahmood Aljamali., “Alternative Methods in Organic Synthesis”., 1th–Edition, Eliva Press SRL, 2020 ., ISBN: 9798680201176.
 13. Matheus ME, de Almeida Violante F, Garden SJ. Isatins inhibit cyclooxygenase-2 and inducible nitric oxide synthase in a mouse macrophage cell line. *Eur J Pharmacol.* **556**:200–6 (2007).
 14. A. Perro, S. Reculosa, E. Bourgeat-Lami, E. Duguet, S. Ravaine. Synthesis of hybrid colloidal particles: from snowman-like to raspberry-like morphologies *Colloids Surf, Physicochem. Eng. Asp.*, **284**: 78-83 (2006).
 15. M. Pera-Titus, L. Leclercq, J.-M. Clacens, F. De Campo, V. Nardello-Rataj Pickering interfacial catalysis for biphasic systems: from emulsion design to green reactions., *Angew Chem. Int. Ed.*, **54**(7): 2006-2021 (2015).
 16. Nagham Mahmood Aljamali, “Spectral and Laboratory Diagnostics of Compounds”., 1th –Edition, 2021, Eliva Press SRL., ISBN: 9781636482118.
 17. Nagham Mahmood Aljamali, Imad Kareem Alwan Alsabri., Development of Trimethoprim Drug and Innovation of Sulfazane-Trimethoprim Derivatives as Anticancer Agents ., *Biomedical & Pharmacology Journal*, **13**(2): 613-625 (2020). <http://dx.doi.org/10.13005/bpj/1925> .
 18. Imad Kareem Alwan Alsabri, Hasaneen Kudhair Abdullabass ,Nagham Mahmood Aljamali .,Invention of (Gluta.Sulfazane-Cefixime) Compounds as Inhibitors of Cancerous Tumors., *Journal of Cardiovascular Disease Research*, **11**(2): 44-55 (2020). DOI: 10.31838/jcdr.2020.11.02.09 .
 19. Hasaneen Kudhair Abdullabass, Aseel Mahmood Jawad ,Nagham Mahmood Aljamali . Synthesis of drugs derivatives as inhibitors of cancerous cells., *Biochem. Cell. Arch.* **20**(2): (2020).
 20. C. Casagrande, P. Fabre, E. Raphael, M. VeyssieJanus beads: realization and behavior at water oil interfaces., *Europhys. Lett.*, **9**(3): 251-255 (1989).
 21. W.-J. Zhou, L. Fang, Z. Fan, B. Albel, L. Bonneviot, F. De Campo. Tunable catalysts for solvent-free biphasic systems: pickering interfacial catalysts over amphiphilic silica nanoparticles., *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **136**(13): 4869-4872 ((2014)).
 22. Mehta SL, Manhas N, Raghuriz R. Molecular targets in cerebral ischemia for developing novel therapeutics. *Brain Res Rev.*; **54**:34–66 (2007).
 23. Meaaed M, Nagham Mahmood Aljamali, Nadheema A A., “Preparation, Spectral Investigation, Thermal Analysis, Biochemical Studying of New (Oxadiazole -Five Membered Ring)-Ligands”., *Journal of Global Pharmacy Technology*, **10**(1): 20-29 (2018).
 24. Y. Liu, J. Hu, X. Yu, X. Xu, Y. Gao, H. Li. Preparation of Janus-type catalysts and their catalytic performance at emulsion interface., *J. Colloid Interface Sci.*, **490**: 357-3564 (2017).
 25. Nagham Mahmood Aljamali. Survey on Methods of Preparation and Cyclization of Heterocycles. *International Journal of Chemical and Molecular Engineering.* **6**(2): 19–36p (2020).
 26. Z.W. Seh, S. Liu, S.-Y. Zhang, M.S. Bharathi, H. Ramanarayan, M. Low. Anisotropic growth of titania onto various gold nanostructures: synthesis, theoretical understanding, and optimization for catalysis., *Angew Chem. Int. Ed.*, **50**(43):10140-10143 (2011).
 27. Micaad M, Nagham Mahmood Aljamali, Wassan Ala Shubber., Sabreen Ali Abdalrahman .”New Azomethine- Azo Heterocyclic Ligands Via Cyclization of Ester”., *Research Journal of Pharmacy and Technology*, **11**(6): 2555-2560 (2018). DOI : 10.5958/0974-360X. 2018. 00472.9 .
 28. A.A. Ismail, D.W. Bahnemann, I. Bannat,

- M. Wark Gold nanoparticles on mesoporous interparticle networks of titanium dioxide nanocrystals for enhanced photonic efficiencies, *J. Phys. Chem. C.*, **113**(17): 7429-7435 (2009).
29. Shafiq, Iqrash; Shafique, Sumeer; Akhter, Parveen; Yang, Wenshu; Hussain, Murid. "Recent developments in alumina supported hydrodesulfurization catalysts for the production of sulfur-free refinery products: A technical review". *Catalysis Reviews*. 0: 1–86 (2020).
30. Nagham Mahmood Aljamali, Intisar Obaid Alfatlawi. "Synthesis of Sulfur Heterocyclic Compounds and Study of Expected Biological Activity", *Research J. Pharm. and Tech.*, **8**(9): 1225-1242 (2015). DOI: 10.5958/0974-360X.2015.00224.3.
31. Wei, Hui; Wang, Erkang. "Nanomaterials with enzyme-like characteristics (nanozymes): next-generation artificial enzymes". *Chemical Society Reviews*. **42**(14): 6060–93 (2013). doi:10.1039/C3CS35486E. ISSN 1460-4744. PMID 23740388.
32. Intisar Obaid Alfatlawi, Nuha S S, Zainab M J, Nagham Mahmood Aljamali, Intisar O A. "Synthesis of New Organic Compounds Via Three Components Reaction with Studying of (Identification, Thermal Behavior, Bioactivity on Bacteria of Teeth)", *Journal of Global Pharma Technology*.; **11**(9):157-164(2017).
33. Naumann d'Alnoncourt, Raoul; Csepei, Lénárd-István; Hävecker, Michael; Girgsdies, Frank; Schuster, Manfred E.; Schlögl, Robert; Trunschke, Annette. "The reaction network in propane oxidation over phase-pure MoVTaNb M1 oxide catalysts". *Journal of Catalysis*. **311**: 369–385 (2014).
34. Mokrani, Touhami; van Reenen, Albert; Amer, Ismael."Molecular weight and tacticity effect on morphological and mechanical properties of Ziegler–Natta catalyzed isotactic polypropylenes". *Polimeros*. **25**(6): 556–563 (2015). doi:10.1590/0104-1428.2158 . ISSN 0104-1428.
35. Shireen R. Rasool, Nagham Mahmood Aljamali, Ali Jassim Al-Zuhairi., Guanine substituted heterocyclic derivatives as bioactive compounds., *Biochem. Cell. Arch.* **20**, Supplement 2: 3651-3655 (2020). DocID: <https://connectjournals.com/03896.2020.20.3651>.
36. Dub, Pavel A.; Gordon, John C. "The role of the metal-bound N–H functionality in Noyori-type molecular catalysts". *Nature Reviews Chemistry*. **2**(12): 396–408 (2018).
37. Aseel Mahmood Jawad., Nagham Mahmood Aljamali, Saher Mahmood Jawd., Development and Preparation of ciprofloxacin Drug Derivatives for Treatment of Microbial Contamination in Hospitals and Environment, *Indian Journal of Forensic Medicine & Toxicology*, **14**(2): 1115-1122 (2020).
38. S FJawad, Nagham Mahmood Aljamali, Preparation, Investigation and Study of Biological Applications of Tyrosine Derivatives against Breast Cancer Cells., *Neuro Quantology*, **19**(9): 117-125 (2021). doi: 10.14704/nq.2021.19.9.NQ21144.
39. Clark, Jim (2013). "Types of catalysis". *Chemguide*. Bård Lindström and Lars J. Petterson "A brief history of catalysis" *Cattech*, **7**(4): 130–38 (2003).
40. Pisarewicz K, Mora D, Pflueger F, Fields G, Mari F. "Polypeptide chains containing D-gamma-hydroxyvaline". *J Am Chem Soc.* **127**(17): 6207–15 (2005).